





Pilot project

"Franz Sales House & Vocational College East"

in the city of Essen







The S.C.O.R.E. Concept NEW REGULATORY FRAMEWORK







Renewable Energies Directive (RED II; 2018)

- Defines "Renewable Energy Community"
- Simplification of "Energy Sharing" = joint generation, storage, consumption, sharing and trading of green electricity
- Opportunity: Cooperation of municipalities with local SMEs and citizens to <u>accelerate the urban</u> <u>energy transition</u>

Requirements for RE communities

- 51% local actors among the investors
- Min. 3 investors; no share more than 33%
- Citizen participation; open to low income households
- Focus not on profit maximization, but on general ecological, economic or socio-community benefits

The S.C.O.R.E. Concept BACKGROUND OF PROJECT





RED II, Article 22 (4) => Member States create regulatory frameworks for EE communities

RED II, Article 22 (3) => Member States assess existing obstacles and development potential

- ➤ European Horizon2020 funding for the applied research project S.C.O.R.E.
- Three-year project until the end of 2021
- Essen has been a pilot location since February 2020
- Further pilot projects in
 - Italy (Susa Valley)
 - Czech Republic (Prague)
- More than 20 Follower Cities

Actors involved

























...und weitere!

Target dimensions S.C.O.R.E.

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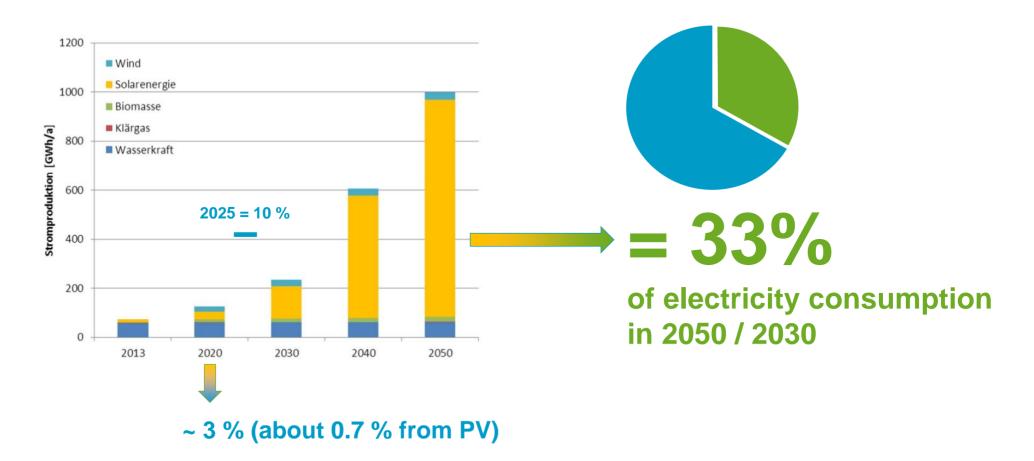


SCORE Co-own. Prosume. Renew. Supporting Consumer Ownership in Renewable Energies

CLIMATE PROTECTION GOALS OF ESSEN

Current situation and energy policy goals

Development of renewable energies in the urban area of Essen -> today and 2050 (or 2030?)



The SCORE pilot in Essen FRANZ SALES HOUSE & VOC. COLLEGE





Franz Sales House

- Catholic facility for disabled people
- 1,500 employees at 40 locations in Essen
- Central campus with 15 different buildings
- Living, training, working, sports and more

Vocational College East

- Day and evening school of the city of Essen
- > approx. 3,000 students in 63 classrooms
- Large roof areas suitable for PV



The SCORE pilot in Essen TECHNICAL IMPLEMENTATION





Franz Sales House



Power consumption ≈ 1.8 Mio. kWh/a

Roof areas for approx. 446 kWp PV

High self-consumption because of high base load



Private wire concept

- · Energy sharing via new medium voltage cable
- Vocational college will be supplied via transformer station of Franz Sales Haus

Advantages

High joint self-consumption

> little direct marketing or funding necessary

No grid charges and other levies per kWh

> Approx. 40 percent lower costs per kWh

Disadvantage

Additional costs for cables and transformers

> Costs of more than 80,000 euros

Vocational College



Power consumption ≈ 0.5 Mio. kWh/a

Roof areas for approx. 299 kWp PV

No self-consumption on weekends or during holidays

The SCORE pilot in Essen ECONOMICS OF SHARING

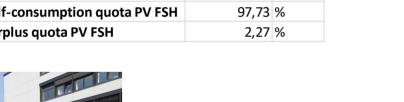






Electricity consumption FSH	1.849.448,32	kWh/a
PV electricity generation FSH	388.363,65	kWh/a
PV direct use FSH	379.554,60	kWh/a
PV surplus FSH	8.809,05	kWh/a
Residual electricity demand FSH	1.469.893,72	kWh/a
Degree of self-sufficiency FSH	20,52	%
Self-consumption quota PV FSH	97,73	%
Surplus quota PV FSH	2,27	%











TRANZ S
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Electricity consumption	2.401.948,10	kWh/a
PV electricity generation	643.554,69	kWh/a
PV direct use	597.461,87	kWh/a
PV surplus	46.092,82	kWh/a
Residual electricity demand	1.804.486,23	kWh/a
Degree of self-sufficiency	24,87	%
Self-consumption quota	92,84	%
Surplus quota	7,16	%
Sharing of PV Surplus	42,46	%
Energy shared	34.018,87	kWh/a

The SCORE pilot in Essen ECONOMICS OF SHARING



	Vocational Collage East		Franz Sales House		VC East & FSH	
	Verbrauchsstell	le: Knaudtstr. 25	Verbrauchsstelle:	Steeler Straße 259	Verbrauchsstelle:	Steeler Straße 259
Assumptions	(aus Jahresahr	echnung 2020)	(aus Jahrespro	gnose für 2020)	(aus Jahrespro	gnose für 2020)
Hours of use	·	so < 2.500 h/a)	3.855 h/a (also > 2.500 h/a)		3.465 h/a (also > 2.500 h/a)	
Grid and substation level	Mittelspannung zu Niederspannung		Mittelspannung		Mittelspannung	
Annual peak power		kW	481 kW		693 kW	
Cumulative amount of energy	546.963	kWh	1.854.305	kWh	2.401.268	kWh
Energy price (for amount of energy)	6,3848	ct/kWh	5,461	ct/kWh	?	ct/kWh
Grid charges						
Price for peak power	14.66	€/kW*a	110.79	€/kW*a	110.79	€/kW*a
Energy price (for amount of energy)		ct/kWh		ct/kWh	·	ct/kWh
Netzeitige Umlagen (Werte von 2021)						
Concession fees	0,11	ct/kWh	0,11	ct/kWh	0,11	. ct/kWh
EEG levy for feed in tarifs (Renewable Energies Act)	6,756	ct/kWh	6,756	ct/kWh	6,756	ct/kWh
CHP levy	0,251	ct/kWh	0,251	ct/kWh	0,251	. ct/kWh
Electricity tax	2,05	ct/kWh	2,05	ct/kWh	2,05	ct/kWh
§ 19Strom NEV	0,425	ct/kWh	0,425	ct/kWh	0,425	ct/kWh
Offshore liability levy	0,397	ct/kWh	0,397	ct/kWh	0,397	' ct/kWh
interruptible loads levy	0,009	ct/kWh	0,009	ct/kWh	0,009	ct/kWh
Sum of network charges and levies						
per kWh	14,718	ct/kWh	10,858	ct/kWh	10,858	ct/kWh
per kW*a	14,66	€/kW*a	110,79	€/kW*a	110,79	€/kW*a
Metering Costs	776,3	€/a	466	€/a	?	€/a
Total energy price net	21,1028	ct/kWh	16,319	ct/kWh	?	
inkl. 19 % Umsatzsteuer	25,112332	ct/kWh	19,41961			
Leistungspreis pro Jahr gesamt netto	3591,7	€/a	53289,99	€/a	76777,47	' €/a

The SCORE pilot in Essen ECONOMICS OF SHARING

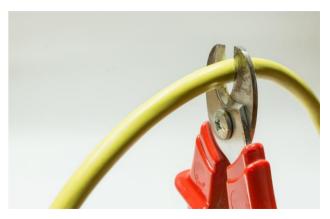




Sharing of ~35.000 kWh/a of PV energy for 20 years









Pay construction works and transformers?



Pay grid charges and and levies?



Forget about energy sharing?

The SCORE pilot in Essen JOINT FINANCING





Four shareholders

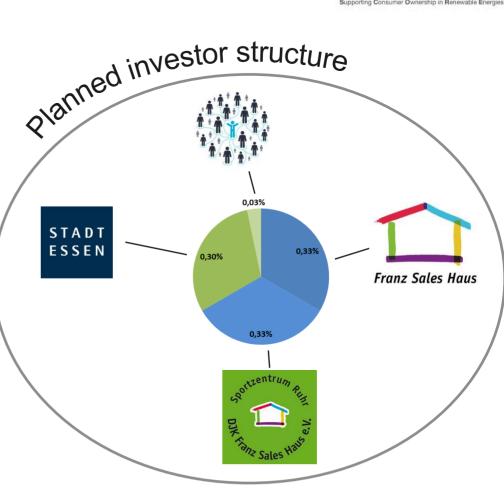
- 1. 33.3% Association of Franz Sales House
- 2. 33,3% DJK Sports Club
- 3. 30% City of Essen / municipal utility
- 4. 3,3% Citizens' cooperative

Investment costs of more than one a million euros

> 100% equity capital

Opportunities

- Profitable project with payback period of approx. 10 years
- Joint financing by municipality, local businesses/associations and citizens can accelerate urban energy transition.



Energy Sharing DISTRIBUTION OF PROFITS



Chosen model for Essen pilot

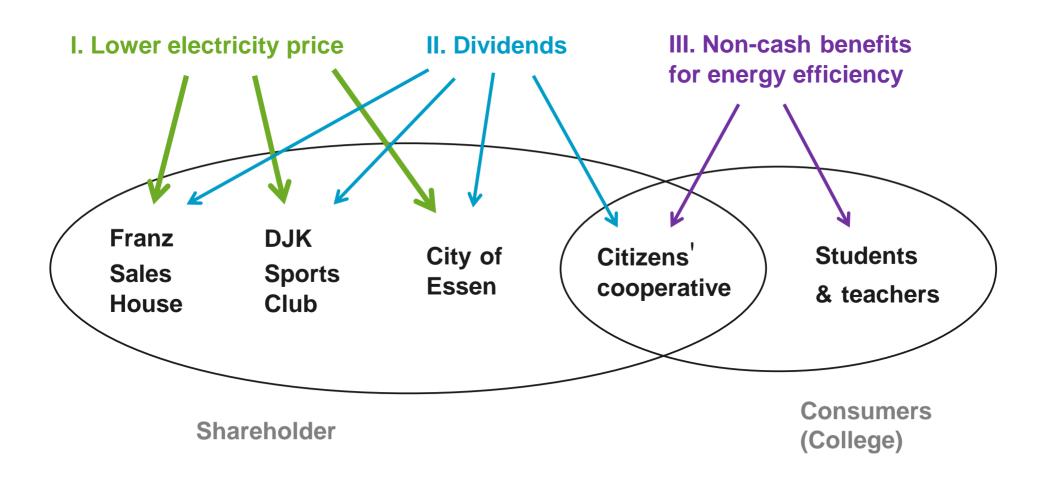
- Shareholders sell electricity to themselves through an operating company
- Production yield: approx. 640.000 kWh/a with 93 % joint self-consumption
- Cash flow arises primarily from avoided expenses
- Additional formation of a monetary reserve
 - Dividend for shareholders incl. cooperative
 - Leveraging non-cash benefits
 - Further development of the company



The SCORE pilot in Essen DIFFERENT REVENUE PATHS







The SCORE pilot in Essen INCLUDING A CITIZENS COOPERATIVE





Private Corporation + Citizens Cooperative + Educational project

=> New approach to citizen participation



- Management of REC
- Contracts & decisions
- Administration
- O&M services
- ...



- Financial participation
- Decision making
- Consulting
- Public Relations
- ...



- School project
- Education in REs
- O&M services
- Consulting in efficiency
- Changes in behavior?
- ...

The SCORE pilot in Essen CSOP IMPLEMENTATION CHALLENGES





Challenges and necessary conditions for CSOPfinancing of prosumer projects

- Legal framework for non-discriminatory energy sharing between buildings, quarters and districts
- Citizen participation / financing makes things more complicated in the eyes of some community and SMEs representatives => more persuasive work needed
- Co-Owners have to be electricity connection users to profit from lower self-consumption prices and thus to cause changes in behavior towards more energy efficiency
- Individual solutions to overcome the welfare dilemma of low-income households





Target dimensions S.C.O.R.E. OPPORTUNITIES FOR ESSEN





New impulses for accelerated PV installation:

- ✓ Innovation
 - > technically
 - legally
 - regulatory
- ✓ Cooperation between local actors
 - Confidence / Trust
 - > Skills / Roles
 - Business Models

√ Pilot as a learning field

- Scaling concept for further combinations in urban areas
- New territory even for experts







SCORE

Co-own. Prosume. Renew.

Supporting Consumer Ownership in Renewable Energies

Thank you for your attention!